

D. Write the standard numeral for each of the following.

$$1. 8^2 = 64$$

$$2. 5^3 = 125$$

$$3. 4^{-1} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$4. 4^{-2} = \frac{1}{4^2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$5. 4^{-3} = \frac{1}{4^3} = \frac{1}{64}$$

$$6. (-3)^4 = 81$$

$$7. -3^4 = -(3)^4 = -81$$

$$8. \left[\frac{2}{3} \right]^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$9. \frac{2^2}{3} = \frac{(2)(2)}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$10. \left[-\frac{2}{3} \right]^2 = \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$11. -\frac{2^2}{3} = -\frac{(2)(2)}{3} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$12. \left[\frac{2}{3} \right]^{-2} = \frac{2^{-2}}{3^{-2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$13. \frac{2^{-2}}{3} = 2^{-2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2^2} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$14. \left[\frac{3}{5} \right]^{-3} = \frac{3^{-3}}{5^{-3}} = \frac{\frac{1}{27}}{\frac{1}{125}} = \frac{125}{27}$$

$$15. (3.5)^{-1} = \frac{1}{3.5}$$

$$16. 8^0 = 1$$

$$17. x^0 = 1$$

$$18. (5.3)^0 = 1$$

$$19. (-6.5)^2 = (-6.5)(-6.5) = 42.25 \quad 20. -6.5^2 = -(6.5)(6.5) = -42.25$$

D. Write each in expanded exponential form.

$$1. 356.52 = [3 \times 10^2] + [5 \times 10^1] + [6 \times 10^0] + [5 \times 10^{-1}] + [2 \times 10^{-2}]$$

$$2. 5.000\ 30 = [5 \times 10^0] + [3 \times 10^{-4}]$$

$$3. 130\ 004.006 = [1 \times 10^5] + [3 \times 10^4] + [4 \times 10^0] + [6 \times 10^{-3}]$$

$$4. 0.003\ 400 = [3 \times 10^{-3}] + [4 \times 10^{-4}]$$

$$5. 706.5 = [7 \times 10^2] + [6 \times 10^0] + [5 \times 10^{-1}]$$

E. Write the standard numeral for each of the following.

$$1. [5 \times 10^2] + [6 \times 10^1] + [4 \times 10^0] + [7 \times 10^{-1}] = 500 + 60 + 4 + 0.7 = 564.7$$

$$2. [5 \times 10^4] + [3 \times 10^0] + [6 \times 10^{-1}] = 50000 + 3 + 0.6 = 50003.6$$

$$3. [4 \times 10^3] + [6 \times 10^{-1}] + [7 \times 10^{-2}] + [8 \times 10^{-3}] = 4000 + 0.6 + 0.07 + 0.008 = 4000.678$$

$$4. [3 \times 10^2] + [6 \times 10^1] + [0 \times 10^0] + [6 \times 10^{-1}] = 300 + 60 + 0 + 0.6 = 360.6$$

$$5. [9 \times 10^5] + [6 \times 10^4] + [3 \times 10^{-3}] = 900\ 000 + 60\ 000 + 0.003 = 960\ 000.003$$

9.2 MULTIPLICATION USING EXPONENTS

Multiplication with exponents can be done using the **PRODUCT PROPERTY RULE**. This rule tells us to **add** the exponents when multiplying numbers or letters that have the same base and keep the base the same. [$x^a \cdot x^b = x^{a+b}$]

EXAMPLES:

$$1. 5^3 \times 5^4 = 5^{3+4} = 5^7$$

$$2. y^7 \cdot y^5 \cdot y^3 = y^{7+5+3} = y^{15}$$

$$3. (4x^2)^3 \cdot (4x^2)^6 = (4x^2)^{3+6} = (4x^2)^9$$

$$4. x^5 \cdot y^3 = x^5 \cdot y^3 \quad \text{or} \quad x^5 y^3 \quad (\text{The bases are different so we can't add exponents.})$$

$$5. (5x^3)(5x^4) = 5^1 \cdot x^3 \cdot 5^1 \cdot x^4 = 5^{1+1} \cdot x^{3+4} = 5^2 x^7$$

A. Perform the following multiplications using the Product Property Rule outlined above and leave all your answers in exponential form.

$$1. 6^3 \times 6^2 = 6^5$$

$$2. 5^3 \times 5^4 = 5^7$$

$$3. (0.2)^3 \times (0.2)^4 = (0.2)^7$$

$$4. (x^3)(x^2)(x^3) = x^8$$

$$5. (7x)^3 (7x)^4 = (7x)^7$$

$$6. (x^2y)^4 \cdot (x^2y)^5 = (x^2y)^9$$

$$7. (-3)^4 (-3)^5 = (-3)^9$$

$$8. (9^2)(9^3)(9^5) = 9^{10}$$

$$9. (2x^3)^3 (2x^3)^1 (2x^3)^4 = (2x^3)^8$$

$$10. (y^{-8})(y^{-4}) = y^{-12}$$

$$11. (z)^{-3} (z)^{-4} (z)^7 = z^0 = 1$$

$$12. (\frac{2}{3})^3 (\frac{2}{3})^2 (\frac{2}{3})^1 = (\frac{2}{3})^6$$

$$13. (m)(m^{-4}) = m^{-3}$$

$$14. (x^{-5})(x^{-3})(x^{-4}) = x^{-12}$$

$$15. (5a^5)^5 (5a^5)^0 = (5a^5)^5$$

$$16. (a)(a)(a)(a^0) = a^3$$

$$17. (m^{-2})(m^{-3}) = m^{-5}$$

$$18. (p^2)(p^3)(p^2) = p^7$$

$$19. (3x^2y)^5 (3x^2y)^7 = (3x^2y)^{12}$$

$$20. (-z)^3 (z)^2 = z^5$$

$$21. 4^7 \cdot 4^8 \cdot 4^{-2} = 4^{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1 \cdot z)^3 (z)^2 \\ & (-1^3)(z^3)(z^2) = -1z^5 \end{aligned}$$

B. Extra Practice. Perform the following multiplications using the Product Property Rule and leave your answers in exponential form.

$$1. (8)(8^2) = 8^3$$

$$2. (x^6)(x^6)(x^5) = x^{17}$$

$$3. (y^3)(x^2)(a^2) = a^2 x^2 y^3$$

$$4. (5y^3)(y^2)(5y^4) = 25y^9$$

$$5. (p^{-2})(p^3)(p^0) = p^1 \text{ OR } p$$

$$6. (y^3)(x^3)(y^2)(x^4) = x^7 y^5$$

$$7. (2^3) \cdot \cancel{x^{-3}} \cdot (2^4) \cdot \cancel{x^8} = 2^7 x^5$$

$$8. (-5y)^5 (-5y)^{-5} = (-5y)^0 = 1$$

$$9. x^3 y^2 x^2 y^3 = x^5 y^5$$

$$10. 2x^3 \cdot 2x^4 = 4x^7$$

$$11. 3x^2 \cdot 3x^3 \cdot 3x^4 = 3^3 x^9$$

$$12. (8xy^3) (7y^{-4}) = 56xy^{-1} = \frac{56x}{y}$$

$$13. (xyz)(x^2y^2z^3) = x^3 y^3 z^4$$

$$14. (\frac{1}{2})^2 (\frac{1}{2})^2 (\frac{1}{2})^3 = (\frac{1}{2})^8$$

$$15. a^2 b^2 c^3 b^3 = a^2 b^5 c^3$$

$$16. (-6)^3 (-6)^2 x^2 = (-6)^5 x^2$$

$$17. y^3 y^{-3} y^4 y^{-7} = y^{-3 - \frac{1}{3}} = y^{-\frac{10}{3}}$$

$$18. (3.1)^4 (3.1)^{-3} = (3.1)^1 = 3.1$$

$$19. g^{-6} \cdot g^4 \cdot g^{-4} = g^{-6}$$

$$20. 3^a \cdot 3^a \cdot 3^a = 3^{3a}$$

$$21. x^a \cdot x^b \cdot x^c \cdot x^d = x^{a+b+c+d}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{1}{g^6}$$